

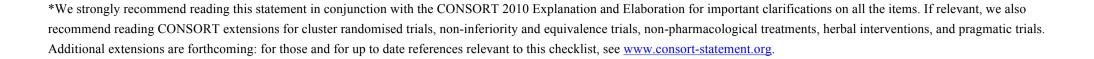
CONSORT 2010 checklist of information to include when reporting a randomised trial*

Section/Topic	Item No	Checklist item	Reported on page No
Title and abstract			
	1a	Identification as a randomised trial in the title	Title
	1b	Structured summary of trial design, methods, results, and conclusions (for specific guidance see CONSORT for abstracts)	Abstract
Introduction			
Background and	2a	Scientific background and explanation of rationale	Introduction
objectives	2b	Specific objectives or hypotheses	Methods (M); Study objectives
Methods			
Trial design	3a	Description of trial design (such as parallel, factorial) including allocation ratio	M; Study design
	3b	Important changes to methods after trial commencement (such as eligibility criteria), with reasons	N/A
Participants	4a	Eligibility criteria for participants	M; Participants
	4b	Settings and locations where the data were collected	M; Participants
Interventions	5	The interventions for each group with sufficient details to allow replication, including how and when they were actually administered	Table 1
Outcomes	6a	Completely defined pre-specified primary and secondary outcome measures, including how and when they were assessed	M; Study design
	6b	Any changes to trial outcomes after the trial commenced, with reasons	N/A
Sample size	7a	How sample size was determined	Pilot study
	7b	When applicable, explanation of any interim analyses and stopping guidelines	Study Protocol S1
Randomisation:			<u> </u>
Sequence	8a	Method used to generate the random allocation sequence	M; Study design
generation	8b	Type of randomisation; details of any restriction (such as blocking and block size)	M; Study design
Allocation concealment mechanism	9	Mechanism used to implement the random allocation sequence (such as sequentially numbered containers), describing any steps taken to conceal the sequence until interventions were assigned	M; Study design
Implementation	10	Who generated the random allocation sequence, who enrolled participants, and who assigned participants to interventions	M; Study design

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Blinding	11a	If done, who was blinded after assignment to interventions (for example, participants, care providers,	M; Study design;
		those assessing outcomes) and how	Participants were blinded
	11b	If relevant, description of the similarity of interventions	N/A
Statistical methods	12a	Statistical methods used to compare groups for primary and secondary outcomes	M; Sample size
	12b	Methods for additional analyses, such as subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses	N/A
Results			
Participant flow (a	13a	For each group, the numbers of participants who were randomly assigned, received intended	Tables 1 and 2
diagram is strongly		treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcome	
recommended)	13b	For each group, losses and exclusions after randomisation, together with reasons	Fig. 1
Recruitment	14a	Dates defining the periods of recruitment and follow-up	Abstract and Results(R);
			Study recruitment
	14b	Why the trial ended or was stopped	Completed recruitment
Baseline data	15	A table showing baseline demographic and clinical characteristics for each group	Table 2
Numbers analysed	16	For each group, number of participants (denominator) included in each analysis and whether the	R; Study recruitment
		analysis was by original assigned groups	Borthwick et al. 2014
Outcomes and	17a	For each primary and secondary outcome, results for each group, and the estimated effect size and	Figs. 2 and 3; Table S1
estimation		its precision (such as 95% confidence interval)	
	17b	For binary outcomes, presentation of both absolute and relative effect sizes is recommended	N/A
Ancillary analyses	18	Results of any other analyses performed, including subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses,	N/A
		distinguishing pre-specified from exploratory	
Harms	19	All important harms or unintended effects in each group (for specific guidance see CONSORT for harms)	Figs. 2 and 3; Table S1
Discussion			
Limitations	20	Trial limitations, addressing sources of potential bias, imprecision, and, if relevant, multiplicity of	Discussion
		analyses	
Generalisability	21	Generalisability (external validity, applicability) of the trial findings	Discussion
Interpretation	22	Interpretation consistent with results, balancing benefits and harms, and considering other relevant	Discussion
·		evidence	
Other information			
Registration	23	Registration number and name of trial registry	After Abstract
Protocol	24	Where the full trial protocol can be accessed, if available	Suppl. Info Protocol S1
Funding	25	Sources of funding and other support (such as supply of drugs), role of funders	As per PLoS ONE

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